试卷代号:1379

国家开放大学2019年春季学期期末统一考试

人文英语 3 试题

2019年7月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定 栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得 带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细读懂题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。四、考试时间为60分钟。

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1~5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸	L
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]	l. — Ok, I'll fix your computer right now.
	— Oh, I'm in no hurry.
	A. Li Mei has done it
	B. that's a great idea
	C. take your time
2	. — It's raining so heavily outside. I'm terribly anxious about my son's safety.
	A. Well. I totally agree with you. He is a good boy.
	B. Don't worry. He will come back safe and sound.
	C. Yes, it is, and it is very likely to rain tomorrow.
3.	. — How do you feel about your family life?
	A. Good. It's a good choice to work there.
	B. Not bad. I have visited their family a lot of times.
	C. Not bad. I think it is a good choice to be a full-time mother.
4.	Must I finish the report today?
	You can finish it tomorrow.
	A. Yes, you must.
	B. No, you mustn't.
	C. No, you don't have to.
5.	- Don't you agree that our society has changed a lot and people's life has become
	more colorful?
	Education is one of the driving forces in
	A. I couldn't agree more.
	B. What do you mean by that?
	C. It's very easy for people to reach an agreement.

二、词汇语法(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)	
6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中	7选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并将答
案序号写在答题纸上。	
6. That was mainly because children began	working at an early age to help for
the family.	
A. provide	B. providing
C. to providing	
7. The number of women who had given bit	rth to a single child increased from
only 8% in 1981 to 13% in 2006.	
A. progressively	B. practically
C. pleasantly	
8. One of your biggest struggles is to	yourself of appropriate expectations.
A. demand	B. rewind
C. remind	
9. Very frustrating! Sometimes it takes me	e two days to get everything
A. been accomplished	B. accomplished
C. accomplishing	
10. On September 13, 2013, the State Counc	il issued a guideline the development
of China's elderly care services.	
A. to speed up	B. to be sped up
C. by speeding up	
11. They don't seem to have done much _	to the flat.
A. advantage	B. package
C. damage	
12. More than 20 people at the	Martin Luther King Center in east Wichita
Falls to be part of the presentation.	
A. made up	B. broke up
C. showed up	
1114	

13. In my opinion, our efforts in cr	ime prevention are
A. enough not good	B. not good enough
C. not enough good	
14. Use software that blocks out cer	tain inappropriate websites you can't keep
an eye on them all the time.	
A. in case	B. in practice
C. instead	
15. I have worries that my audience	may find my speech boring and asleep.
A. falling	B. have fallen
C. fall	
16 mode, there are imp	romptu speeches, extemporaneous speeches, speeches
from reciting, speeches from manuscript	, etc.
A. Instead of	B. In terms of
C. In favor of	
17 language, there would	be no way to communicate and express ourselves.
A. Other than	B. Without
C. Instead of	
18. In the past, it very o	lifficult to start a business, because of the lack of
capital and business information.	
A. used to be	B. was used to be
C. was used to being	
19. Your ability to expand your mi	nd and continuing education is critical to
your success.	
A. arrive at	B. struggle against
C. strive for	
20. I hope you for continu	ing education in your life.
A. have a separate room	B. will leave a room
C. are making room	

三、阅读理解(共计40分,每小题4分)

21-25 题:阅读短文,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。 Passage 1

A class with hundreds or even thousands of students might sound like a teacher's worst nightmare. But a big idea in higher education these days is Massive Open Online Courses, or MOOCs.

Some universities offer free, non-credit MOOCs available to anyone in the world. Others charge for courses and provide credits. The idea is still developing. The Massachusetts Institute of Technology started its first MOOC in 2012. The school plans to offer many free, non-credit courses through a project called MITx. Many Chinese universities are beginning to offer free MOOCs now too.

Nowadays, MOOCs almost cover every topic, like computer science, technology, mechanics, engineering, languages, etc.

Generally speaking, there are no formal education requirements for these free online courses. Students watch short videos. Then, they take informal, ungraded quizzes after the videos each week for certain weeks. Quizzes are part of the lecture program to keep students engaged and keep them thinking, for students to be able to check that they understood what was covered. They can repeatedly watch the videos and take the quizzes whenever they want. Students receive homework. They can join online groups to exchange questions and answers about the courses. The teachers hold virtual office hours to answer questions that the students have posted. They also present their own questions and observations.

Some supporters claimed that there are things that we can do better in the online format. We can certainly deliver high-quality education to many students at much lower cost.

- 21. ____ started its first MOOC in 2012.
 - A. The Massachusetts Institute of Technology
 - B. Harvard University
 - C. A Chinese university

22. Which is not true about the free online courses?

A. Students can watch short videos.

B. Students may ask the teachers some questions.

C. Students must take graded quizzes.

23. They can join online groups ______.

A. to discuss the quizzes B. to exchange questions and answers

C. to present their observations

24. The teachers hold ______ to answer questions that the students have posted.

A. virtual office hours B. face-to-face meetings

C. regular seminars

25. What is the attitude of the writer to online courses?

26—30 题:根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写"T",错误的写"F",并将答案写在答题纸上。

B. negative

Passage 2

A. neutral

C. positive

The term "lifelong learning" is very popular nowadays. It describes the need for people to continue their education and training throughout their lives. Lifelong learning is more and more important for everyone because people are now facing different career choices in changing economies. It is believed lifelong learning is a crucial response to the challenges of the global knowledge economy.

Currently, most universities have reacted to the era of lifelong learning by adding new programs and services for adults who seek to combine employment with part-time study. Special arrangements have been developed for these students but the core activity of the university, providing teaching to full-time young undergraduates, often goes on much as before.

Lifelong learning is both formal and non-formal; and the boundaries between face-to-face teaching and distance education are increasingly blurred.

By making learning possible anytime and anywhere, distance education is a powerful tool for supporting lifelong learning. Technology-based teaching is creating new educational systems that anyone from anywhere can access. The key challenge for universities is to evolve from a teacher-centered model of education to student-centered model. The challenge for governments is that they have to develop new funding approaches and new quality assessment procedures.

- 26. The term "lifelong learning" describes the need for people to continue their education and training in a certain period of their lives.
- 27. The challenges of the global knowledge economy bring the needs for lifelong learning.
 - 28. Lifelong learning is non-formal.
 - 29. The universities should make the classroom student-centered.
 - 30. To develop a new quality assessment system is a challenge for the government.

四、写作(一篇作文,共20分)

31. 根据要求写作文。

Write a passage about an important person who has given you the most influence in your life or a special event that has changed you most. You may follow the ideas given.

- Think of an important aspect in your life, such as your career, family, health, love, etc.
- Describe the person or the event. What happened?
- How were you influenced?
- Any lessons learnt.

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国家开放大学2019年春季学期期末统一考试

人文英语 3 试题答题纸

2019年7月

题	号		=	Ξ	四	总	分
分	数	•					

得	分	评卷人

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

得 分 评卷人

二、词汇语法(共计30分,每小题2分)

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

得	分	评卷人

三、阅读理解(共计40分,每小题4分)

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

得	分	评卷人

四、写作(共 20 分)

31. 根据要求写作文。

Write a passage about an important person who has given you the most influence in your life or a special event that has changed you most. You may follow the ideas given.

- Think of an important aspect in your life, such as your career, family, health, love, etc.
- Describe the person or the event. What happened?
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人文英语 3 试题答案及评分标准

		(供参	考)		
				2019	年7月
一、交际用语(共计 10 分,每小	题 2 分)			
15 题:选择]	E确的语句完成了	下列对话,并将答:	案序号写在答题	纸上。	
1. C	2. B	3. C	4. C	5. A	
二、词汇与结构	(共计 30 分,每)	小题 2 分)			
6-20 题:阅读	下面的句子,从	A、B、C 三个选项:	中选出一个能填	入空白处的正确发	೬项,并将答
案序号写在答题	亟纸上。				
6. A	7. A	8. C	9. B	10. A	
11. C	12. C	13. B	14. A	15. C	
16. B	17. B	18. A	19. C	20. C	
三、阅读理解(ま	t 40 分,每小题。	4分)			
2125 题:阅读	短文,从A、B、C	三个选项中选出	一个正确答案,	并将答案序号写在	答题纸上。
21. A	22. C	23. B	24. A	25. C	
26-30 题:根据	短文内容判断给	出的语句是否正	确,正确的写"T	",错误的写"F",	并将答案写
在答题纸上。					
26. F	27. T	28. F	29. T	30. T	
四、写作(共 20:	分)				
31. 根据要	求写作文。				
		作文评分	标准		

- (1)评分原则
- ①本题总分为 20 分,按 6 个档次给分。
- ②评分时, 先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次, 然后以该档次的要求来衡 量、确定或调整档次,最后给分。
- ③评分时应注意的主要内容为:内容要点、句型变化、词汇运用和语法结构的准确性,语意 的连贯性、逻辑性以及应用文的格式要求。
 - ④评分时,如拼写错误较多,书写较差,以至影响交际,将分数降低一个档次。
 - (2)各档次的给分范围和要求

	●完全完成了试题规定的任务;
	●覆盖所有内容要点;
16-20 分	●语法结构、句型和词汇有变化;
/-	●语法结构和用词准确。
	●语意连贯、逻辑性强。
	●应用文写作格式规范。
	●较好地完成了试题规定的任务;
	●覆盖所有内容要点;
	●句型和词汇有变化;
11-15分	●语法结构和词汇基本准确,些许错误主要是因为尝试较复杂语法结
	构或词汇所致。
	●语意基本连贯、有一定的逻辑性。
	●应用文写作格式较为规范。
	●基本完成了试题规定的任务;
	●覆盖所有内容要点;
 6—10 分	●运用语法结构和词汇方面能满足任务的基本要求;
0-10 %	●有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,但不影响理解。
	●语意连贯性及逻辑性方面存在一定问题。
	●应用文写作格式基本规范。
	●虽尽力但不足以完成试题规定的任务;
	●仅覆盖部分主要内容,或写了一些无关内容;
35分	●语法结构和词汇运用能力很弱;
3—3 7J	●有许多语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响了对写作内容的理解。
	●语意不连贯,逻辑性方面问题较大。
	●应用文写作格式不规范。
	●未完成试题规定的任务;
	●句子不完整或无法理解;
1—2分	●语法结构或词汇方面错误连篇,影响对写作内容的理解;语言运用能
	力差。
	●语意不清,毫无逻辑。
	●应用文写作格式不规范。
0分	●未答题,或虽作答但不知所云。