

一、交际用语(10分,每题1分)

根据情景补全对话,从A、B、C、D中选出最佳选项填入空白处。

1. —I will go to the countryside to see my friend tomorrow, so I can't go shopping with you.  
— \_\_\_\_\_  
A. It's my pleasure. B. You are welcome.  
C. That's a pity. D. Sure, I am.
2. —Would you mind my turning on the heating system? The temperature goes too low.  
— \_\_\_\_\_ I feel a little bit cold as well.  
A. Yes, I'd love to. B. Of course.  
C. No, I don't care. D. Of course not.
3. —What do you think of the documentary *A Bite of China*?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ It has aroused great interests in Chinese food culture.  
A. Enjoy yourself. B. Many thanks.  
C. Pretty good. D. It's hard to say.
4. —Cathy isn't at work today. Is she ill?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ I saw her at the doctor's this morning.  
A. I hope so. B. I don't mind.  
C. I am afraid so. D. I don't think so.
5. —What about having a drink?  
— \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Help yourself. B. Good idea.  
C. Go ahead, please. D. Me, too.
6. —Your name again, please? \_\_\_\_\_  
—It's Bella Smith.  
A. I don't hear you. B. I wouldn't quite catch you.  
C. I didn't quite catch you. D. It's your turn.
7. —I'm so sorry for stepping on your toes.  
— \_\_\_\_\_  
A. That's all right. B. No, it's my fault.  
C. You didn't hurt me at all. D. Yes, don't worry about it.
8. —Can I have a look at your letter, please?  
— \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Excuse me, you can't. B. I can't agree with you.  
C. You can say that again. D. I am afraid you can't.

9. — It's a pity but I have to tell you that I can't finish the book this week.

— \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Take your time.
- B. That's right.
- C. Not at all.
- D. You are welcome.

10. — Hello, this is 83xx788.

— \_\_\_\_\_

- A. How are you?
- B. Is that Mike?
- C. Can I take a message?
- D. Will you come tonight?

## 二、词语用法与语法结构 (30 分, 每题 1 分)

阅读下面的句子, 从 A、B、C、D 中选出最佳选项填入空白处。

11. The scientist spoke confidently, \_\_\_\_\_ impressed me most.

- A. that
- B. which
- C. what
- D. how

12. Mary did not have time to go to the concert last night because she was busy \_\_\_\_\_ for her examination.

- A. to prepare
- B. to be prepared
- C. preparing
- D. proved

13. I \_\_\_\_\_ to know how often the bus runs during rush hour.

- A. occur
- B. happen
- C. agree
- D. arise

14. It is \_\_\_\_\_ an interesting story that I want to read it again.

- A. so
- B. what
- C. how
- D. such

15. All things \_\_\_\_\_, the planned flight will have to be canceled.

- A. be considered
- B. considered
- C. be considering
- D. considering

16. The BBC has just successfully demonstrated a \_\_\_\_\_ radio transmission system.

- A. direct
- B. diplomatic
- C. digital
- D. diligent

17. You \_\_\_\_\_ *Harry Potter*, since I remember once you discussed its main plot with Cathy.

- A. could have watched
- B. should have watched
- C. might have watched
- D. must have watched

18. We trust that this new product of ours will \_\_\_\_\_ to your market.

- A. appeal
- B. appear
- C. appease
- D. appreciate

19. Under no circumstances \_\_\_\_\_ to tell lies to parents.  
A. children are allowed                      B. are children allowed  
C. will children allow                      D. children will allow
20. This is a highly \_\_\_\_\_ new heating system.  
A. electrical                      B. efficient  
C. emotional                      D. effective
21. Let's discuss these problems at the meeting, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. will we                      B. will you  
C. shall we                      D. shall you
22. Community service is a great way to help people in their time of need. It is great to see the happiness that \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
A. comes out                      B. turns in  
C. results from                      D. takes place
23. She suggested that the factory \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. was extended                      B. will be extended  
C. would be extend                      D. be extended
24. The program gives students the \_\_\_\_\_ to learn more about global warming.  
A. power                      B. ambition  
C. opportunity                      D. expectation
25. \_\_\_\_\_, he knows a lot about computer.  
A. As he is a child                      B. Child as is he  
C. As a child he is                      D. Child as he is
26. No one had enough foresight to \_\_\_\_\_ the winner.  
A. predict                      B. prevent  
C. prepare                      D. prefer
27. Involvement in community activities has \_\_\_\_\_ an integral and inescapable part of senior managers' jobs.  
A. regarded as                      B. been regarded for  
C. been seen as                      D. seen for
28. \_\_\_\_\_ people are no longer worried about whether their food is safe or not, can they enjoy a better life.  
A. Only if                      B. If only  
C. What if                      D. If not
29. I heard that you really \_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful time at John's birthday party, didn't you?  
A. have                      B. had  
C. will have                      D. have had

30. You can go out, \_\_\_\_\_ you promise to be back before 12 o'clock.  
A. so far as  
B. as well as  
C. as long as  
D. as soon as
31. Many factors both at home and abroad \_\_\_\_\_ the bankruptcy of the multinational corporation.  
A. based on  
B. contributed to  
C. devoted to  
D. put on
32. Spaceships are stocked with a variety of \_\_\_\_\_ foods.  
A. instant  
B. initial  
C. instinct  
D. innocent
33. This is the book \_\_\_\_\_ I have learned a lot.  
A. to which  
B. that  
C. from which  
D. of which
34. One of the main benefits of community service is that it \_\_\_\_\_ a person's character.  
A. takes  
B. builds  
C. makes  
D. establishes
35. He gave up his study in college in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. disagreement  
B. despair  
C. destruction  
D. distance
36. Proper controls that should \_\_\_\_\_ developed as part of routine safety procedures were not in place.  
A. be  
B. have  
C. has been  
D. have been
37. The director of the office will organize a spring outing if weather \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. will permit  
B. is permitting  
C. permits  
D. permit
38. By that moment he \_\_\_\_\_ longer and longer periods alone, but when she walked away, he still wanted to rush after her.  
A. was used to spend  
B. used to spend  
C. used to spending  
D. was used to spending
39. The company is planning to \_\_\_\_\_ at least 100 million dollars for the fund.  
A. rise  
B. carry  
C. design  
D. raise
40. Don't be afraid of making mistakes because it is simply \_\_\_\_\_ way of learning.  
A. the other  
B. another  
C. other  
D. others

### 三、阅读理解(30分,每题2分)

阅读下面的三篇短文,根据文章内容从A、B、C、D中选出最佳选项。

#### Passage 1

I'm Michael Bush, Managing Director of Hoogle Engineering. I am pleased to welcome you here to our website and I'd like to tell you a little about the company and its organization. Hoogle Engineering was set up in 1960. (66) It was divided into several departments at that time, such as the marketing department and production department. Lots of managers were employed to manage it all.

Fortunately things are different now. Sixty thousand people are employed by Hoogle and communication between departments is considered to be one of the most important aspects of the business. The market is global so we need to make contact with customers worldwide, not just locally.

But in the old days we were all in different departments and never spoke to each other. We had a tall structure. Traditionally we had people at the first level on the shop floor, manufacturing products according to the instructions which they were given. Then you had a supervisory level of people who supervised them every day. Then you moved up to the middle management, who were doing the tasks of getting new business, and then you had the senior management team, and then you had the board, who decided the business strategy. So there were a lot of levels in the company in the old days actually.

(67) The structure today is that we form teams within teams to place people who can manufacture a product. Each team has members that can manufacture different products. The actual teams now are self-managing, so we don't even have team leaders. You've got the teams, and then you've got two people, only two people, who are what you think of as management. This is generally called flat structure.

41. In the past, there was(were) \_\_\_\_\_ department(s) in the company.

- A. one
- B. two
- C. three
- D. many

42. There are many different \_\_\_\_\_ of management in a tall structure.

- A. kinds
- B. levels
- C. functions
- D. degrees

43. People in a flat structure usually work in \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. departments
- B. families
- C. teams
- D. companies

44. What does the author think of the individual responsibilities in the different structures?

- A. There are more in a flat structure.
- B. There are more in a tall structure.
- C. There are the same in both structures.
- D. There are little in either structures.

45. The best title for the passage would be \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. History of Hoogle Engineering
- B. Introduction to Director of Hoogle Engineering
- C. Responsibilities of Employees in Hoogle engineering
- D. Organization Structure in Hoogle Engineering

### Passage 2

Door-knocking is the most effective way of making face-to-face community contact, but it has become a lost art. (68) With the recent focus on customer privacy, door-knocking seems like an intrusion into other people's lives. But those who try it for the first time are usually surprised by the pleasant reception they receive. Here are some suggestions that will help you promote your services face-to-face.

Try leaving a door hanger two days before you go door-knocking. It should briefly describe the project and say that someone will be around in person.

Door-knockers should wear name tags with the logo of their organization. The best name tags will also include a color photo and the name of the caller.

The easiest way to do door-knocking is to try your local area first. (69) Being a neighbor creates an immediate connection with the person answering the door; after that, everything else is easy.

A short survey about local concerns or a current project is a good excuse. Figure out responses for various situations. What if the person who answers the door cannot speak English? What if a child answers the door?

The best time to knock is usually Saturdays. On other days, after dinner is ideal. When someone answers the door, smile and introduce yourself; say you are a volunteer and, if it helps, state where you live. Give the name of your organization and, briefly, the reason for the visit.

Tell the person what they need to do and how their actions will benefit themselves and others. If a person hesitates, emphasize benefits you've already mentioned and then, if necessary, add further benefits. If a person agrees, follow up immediately.

Record names, addresses, e-mail addresses, phone numbers, and responses to questions *on the spot*. You won't remember them later!

46. Why does the author say that door-knocking has become a lost art?
- A. It is not an effective way.
  - B. People focus on privacy increasingly.
  - C. No one knows how to do it now.
  - D. It will surprise the people visited.
47. When you try door-knocking, you should \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. find a good excuse to door-knock
  - B. wear an unofficial name tag
  - C. have people knock their own blocks
  - D. leave a door hanger
48. The appropriate time for door knocking may be \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Monday morning
  - B. Tuesday afternoon
  - C. Thursday morning
  - D. Saturday afternoon
49. Who will receive pleasant reception according to the passage?
- A. An offensive acquaintance who comes at any time.
  - B. A stranger who is just passing by and comes at any time.
  - C. A neighbor who does good preparation and has significant project to introduce.
  - D. A stranger who is not living in this community and gives no notice for his/her visit.
50. What does the phrase *on the spot* in the last paragraph mean?
- A. Then and there.
  - B. At some place.
  - C. In a difficult situation.
  - D. On the notebook.

### Passage 3

Television broadcasting started in the United Kingdom in 1936 as a public service free of advertising. Now there is a collection of free and subscription services over a variety of distribution media, through which there are over 480 channels for consumers as well as on-demand content. There are six main channel owners who are responsible for most viewing.

On October 24, 2012, all television broadcasts in the United Kingdom were in a digital format. Digital content is delivered via terrestrial(陆地的) means, satellite and cable as well as over IP.

In 1953 the Conservative Government introduced a bill to make arrangements for commercial television. This was opposed very strongly by the Labor and Liberal Parties, but the bill was passed and commercial television now flourishes. (70) The Independent Television Act created an Independent Television Authority, which exercises general supervision.

One disadvantage of the present system is that the BBC and Independent Television often both put out programs of the same type at the same time. This forces the viewer to choose between two similar things but not two entirely different forms of entertainment.

In the United Kingdom and the Crown Dependencies, any household watching or recording live television transmissions as they are being broadcast (terrestrial, satellite, cable, or Internet) is required to hold a television license. Since April 1, 2010 the annual license fee has been £ 145.50 for color and £ 49.00 for black and white. Thus, the license fee made up the bulk of the BBC's total income of £ 5.102 billion in 2012--2013.

51. What is the best title of the passage?
- A. Advertising in the U. K.                      B. British TV.  
C. The BBC in the U. K.                      D. Independent Television.
52. Who supported the act about the commercial television?
- A. The Labor Party.                      B. The Liberal Party.  
C. The Conservative Party.                      D. The Communist Party.
53. What is the disadvantage of the two TV companies?
- A. Too many advertisements.                      B. Paying annual license fee.  
C. Different forms of entertainment.                      D. Similar programs.
54. If a household wants to watch the live television transmissions in the United Kingdom, what should it do?
- A. The household has to hold a television license.  
B. The household has to have access to the Internet.  
C. The household has to install a cable.  
D. The household has to receive satellite signals.
55. Which is the bulk of the BBC's total income?
- A. Advertisement income.  
B. Investment from government.  
C. The sales of programs to other TV stations.  
D. The license fee.

#### 四、完型填空(10分,每题1分)

阅读下面的短文,从 A、B、C、D 中选出最佳选项。

As we enter the 21<sup>st</sup> century, the information age, your ability to expand your mind and strive for continuous education is critical to your success. By dedicating yourself to lifelong learning, you can leapfrog 56 of your competition.



The highest 57 people in America today work an average of 59 hours per week. They read an average of 2-3 hours per day. They belong to industry associations and organizations 58 encourage individuals to dedicate themselves to lifelong learning with 59 information and ideas on their fields. Continuous education for them means that they 60 annual meetings and go to every session available that has new insights that can help them to be more effective.

Lifelong learning is the minimum requirement for success in your field. 61 information and knowledge in every field is doubling every 2-3 years, this means that your knowledge has to double every 2-3 years as well.

Knowledge is the primary 62 of value in our world today and your ability to expand your mind and 63 yourself to lifelong learning is the key to breaking any success barriers that may be in front of you.

You can 64 information and strive for lifelong learning by just reaching out your hand and picking it up in the 65 of books, articles, tapes, face-to-face training, and online courses or MOOCs. I hope you are making room for continuous education in your life.

- |                  |                |             |                |
|------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|
| 56. A. behind    | B. ahead       | C. front    | D. before      |
| 57. A. hired     | B. dismissed   | C. paid     | D. earned      |
| 58. A. that      | B. what        | C. who      | D. whom        |
| 59. A. old       | B. traditional | C. now      | D. current     |
| 60. A. play      | B. entertain   | C. attend   | D. come        |
| 61. A. Therefore | B. Since       | C. So       | D. Furthermore |
| 62. A. money     | B. power       | C. resource | D. source      |
| 63. A. spend     | B. devote      | C. cost     | D. pay         |
| 64. A. acquire   | B. request     | C. require  | D. inquire     |
| 65. A. shape     | B. type        | C. form     | D. kind        |

### 五、翻译(20分,每题2分)

(一)把下列句子译成汉语。

66. It was divided into several departments at that time, such as the marketing department and production department. (Passage 1)

67. The structure today is that we form teams within teams to place people who can manufacture a product. (Passage 1)

68. With the recent focus on customer privacy, door-knocking seems like an intrusion into other people's lives. (Passage 2)

69. Being a neighbor creates an immediate connection with the person answering the door; after that, everything else is easy. (Passage 2)

70. The Independent Television Act created an Independent Television Authority, which exercises general supervision. (Passage 3)

(二)把下列句子译成英语。

71. 他昨天写了一封信。

72. 我不记得在哪儿见过他了。

73. 这音乐让每个人都想跳舞。

74. 她花了很长时间读这本书。

75. 我们需要的是自由。